

Summer Resorts.

HOTEL REDONDO

18 MILES FROM LOS ANGELES

QUEEN OF THE PACIFIC

HOTEL REDONDO

SPEND YOUR VACATION

For \$20 at

SAN LUIS HOT SULPHUR SPRING

SAN LUIS OBISPO, CAL.

The most ideal resort for pleasure, health and relaxation. The hotel is built on the Pacific Coast, overlooking the San Luis Obispo Bay. The hotel is built on the Pacific Coast, overlooking the San Luis Obispo Bay. The hotel is built on the Pacific Coast, overlooking the San Luis Obispo Bay.

THE QUALITY STORE.

TWO-PIECE SUITS FOR MEN WHO WANT COMFORT.

All of our coats and pants suits have been marked down to close them out.

\$10.00 Two-Piece Suits.....\$ 8.00
\$12.00 Two-Piece Suits.....\$ 9.50
\$15.00 Two-Piece Suits.....\$12.50
\$18.00 Two-Piece Suits.....\$14.50
\$20.00 Two-Piece Suits.....\$16.50
\$22.00 Two-Piece Suits.....\$18.00

Special Sale Today
Silk Four-in-Hand
Ties for
15c Each.

Mullen & Bluett
Clothing Co.
First and Spring
LOS ANGELES.

All-wool Bathing Suits
for Men and Boys
20 per cent Discount.

Wale's
25c Moline Veilings 10c
75c Chiffon Veils 50c
Crush Silk Belts 50c
75c Bird Cage Veils 50c
25c Lace Hose 10c Pr.
85c Lace Hose 65c Pr.
35c Black Hose 23c Pr.
50c Perfumes 10c Oz.
Calico 3 1/2c a Yard
And 5000 yards on sale.

THOMPSON-SETON'S SUIT AGAINST GALLATIN.
Thompson-Seton's Suit Against Gallatin.
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PARMELEES
Dinnerware Now, etc.
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CHINK SHOOT COACHMAN.
TROUBLE OVER A HORSE.
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SEIZED FOUR CHILDREN.
NOW FATHER WANTS DAMAGES.
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CHAFFEE'S INSPECTION.
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WORLD'S FAIR EXCURSION - RATES

ST. LOUIS \$67.50
AND RETURN
CHICAGO \$72.50
AND RETURN
NEW YORK \$108.50
AND RETURN

GOOD GOING
August 8, 9, 10, 18, 19
September 1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8
October 3, 4, 5, 6

GOOD FOR 90 DAYS
CHOICE OF ROUTES
GO ONE WAY RETURN ANOTHER

Sunset Express Via New Orleans and the South
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Full Information at
261 S. Spring St.

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At Reasonable Prices.

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"The Framers"

FORD SMITH & LITTLE CO.
330 So. Broadway

Stag Ink Stand \$5.00
Stag Bottle \$3.00

Low prices on handsome gifts for men; special sale.

J. ABRAMSON,
Jeweler and Silversmith
133 South Spring

THE latest ideas in Leather Bags are always to be found at—

OFF DRUG CO.

Formerly Sale & Son
318 SOUTH SPRING STREET

Marvelous Prices
at "The Owl" Stores
Saturday Only, July 30

Item 1—Combination Toilet and Manicure Soap per box 19c

An ideal toilet soap of exceedingly high quality. A soap that is intended to sell for the price. Three cakes in a box. Not more than two boxes sold to a customer.

Item 2—Bicycle Playing Cards 15c

This is the card that is known throughout the world and is always sold for 25c. No more than three packs sold to a customer.

Item 3—Cut Rubber Sponges 13c

These sponges are the clippings from the celebrated "Kleanwell" rubber sponges and have been sold at from 15c to 40c each. We have only about 500 pieces left.

Item 4—Old Holland Gin, per bottle 67c

Don't use poor gin in the home when you can get a high grade article like this at such a reduction. Sells regularly for \$1.00. Only one bottle sold to a customer.

Item 5—French Castile Soap, per bar 22c

Genuine French Castile Soap, white, full weight, 2 1/2 pounds to the bar. Most dealers charge 35c for it.

Item 6—Duffy Malt Whiskey 76c

This is the much advertised medicinal malt whiskey that sells regularly for \$1.00. Not over three bottles sold to any one customer.

Item 7—Shaving Mugs 15c

A sample line of dainty shaving mugs, none of which ever sold for less than 25c.

Item 8—La Blache Face Powder 29c

This celebrated face powder we have in the white, flesh, cream and pink. Only one package will be sold to a customer.

Item 9—Marvel Spray Syringe \$2.23

For women's use; this is the most popular vaginal syringe sold. Not more than one sold to a customer at this price.

Item 10—1000 Sheet Roll Toilet Paper 6c

Full count, extra quality, best tissue, a grade we have handled for years.

Se habla Espanol.

LABOR PACKERS ARE WINNING OUT.

Strikers Becoming Anxious to
Return to Work.

Riots More Frequent, but no
One Seriously Hurt.

Donnelly Orders New York
Butcher Workmen Out.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.—P.M.)
CHICAGO, July 23.—Unable to arrange a conference with representatives of the New York packers, Michael J. Donnelly, president of the Amalgamated Meat Cutters and Butcher Workmen of America, has ordered a strike of all the members of the organization employed in New York by Schwarzschild & Sulzberger, and the United Dressed Beef Company. The order was telegraphed to New York tonight.

That the probabilities of a settlement in Chicago are as remote as ever was plainly demonstrated today, when Henry C. Wallace of Des Moines, Iowa, and A. L. Ames of Buckingham, Iowa, called on the packers with a proposal from the strike leaders offering to concede the most important points in the controversy if the employers would agree to renew peace negotiations.

Wallace and Ames were told by the packers that there was no possible chance for any further conciliatory move and that the packers were now in a position where they could ignore the labor unions and that they purposed to ignore the strikers. The packers' answer was delivered to the strike leaders and the men from Iowa left tonight for home.

From a statement made by President Donnelly tonight it would appear that the men are becoming anxious to return.

"We shall be glad to confer with representatives of the packers at any time," said Donnelly. "While I cannot say that our position is in any way changed, we are not anxious to keep up a running battle and shall be glad if a settlement can be effected."

ROBOTS MORE FREQUENT.

Following the arrest of George Golden, chief of the packing-house teamsters' union, for picketing, riots became more frequent near the stock yards this afternoon. In one disturbance a mob captured a meat wagon after it had left the stock yards, upset the wagon and threw the meat into the street. The most serious riot of the occurred in the South Chicago, where five men were arrested for trying to prevent the delivery of meat.

Although the strikers and their friends became boisterous when it became known that Golden had been arrested and made all sorts of threats, no one was seriously injured in any of the many disturbances which occurred. The police have the situation so well in hand that before the rioters can get fairly started in their purpose they are dispersed by the bluecoats.

More business was done today by the packers than any time since the strike began. With today's additions to the new employees obtained from outside sources, the business was made tonight by one of the packers that fully 15,000 men were at work in the seven plants where the union men are on strike. This is nearly half as many men as went on strike. The packers declare that they have more unskilled labor than they need and that when all skilled labor, which they have procured in other cities reaches Chicago, all the by-product plants will be opened for operation.

SPECIAL POLICE SWORN IN.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.—P.M.)
KANSAS CITY, July 23.—As a result of the rioting, special police were sworn in and sent to the packing-house district today and orders were given not to allow crowds to gather.

All the packing-houses were in operation today with slight change from yesterday. About fifty strike-breakers who have been working in the Powell plant did not return to work, evidently being afraid of being attacked by strikers or their sympathizers. The strikers succeeded in turning back forty men brought by the Cudahy company from Joplin.

Committees have been appointed to aid members who may be in want until money to pay their strike benefits arrives from Chicago.

NINE STRIKERS INDICTED.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.—P.M.)
FORT WORTH (Tex.) July 23.—Nine striking butchers were indicted by a grand jury today for assault to murder and for unlawful assembly. The indictments grew out of an assault committed on Cunningham, a porter for Armour & Co., by a squad of pickets.

MAYOR HARRISON DENOUNCED.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.—P.M.)
CHICAGO, July 23.—At a meeting of the leaders of the strike tonight a resolution was adopted denouncing the city administration, including Mayor Harrison, Chief of Police O'Neill and Inspector Hunt. Inspector Hunt arrested President Golden of the Teamsters' Union this morning. The resolution called on the meeting to appeal to Sheriff Thomas Barrett for protection. What benefit the strikers hope to derive from an appeal to the county officials is not known except to themselves.

GOLDEN ARRESTED.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.—A.M.)
CHICAGO, July 23.—President George F. Golden of the Teamsters' Union turned strike picket today, defied Police Inspector Nicholas Hunt and was arrested. Golden discovered a wagon owned by Terry & Co. being driven past his office. He called to the teamster, "Where are you going?" "Anywhere I please, so long as I attend to my own business," was the reply, whereupon Golden ordered the driver to turn back.

The inspector heard the command and reassured the teamster, telling him to go on about his business. Then came a war of words. Hunt, shaking his club at the strike leader, declared there would be an immediate arrest if Golden did not shut up. He refused and the arrest followed.

The arrest caused great excitement, and within two minutes several hundred men had gathered to watch the proceedings.

"This is an outrage," declared Golden. "I have been guilty of no offense against the law."

At the time of Golden's arrest the police also took custody of G. T. Tebus, who was in the teamsters' headquarters. He was charged with interfering with an officer. Both prisoners were taken to the station in a patrol wagon. Ball was refused them and they were sent to cells, vehemently protesting against what they declared was an outrage. It was the

first time a chief of the strikers was taken into custody.

Later, Golden, after a stormy talk with Inspector Hunt, in which international President Shea of the teamsters' organization took part, was liberated on bail, as was Tebus.

Declaring the Lord had commissioned him to end the packing-house strike by killing all the strikers, John A. Leed, a negro, caused much excitement at the stock yards today. He was arrested after struggling and found to be carrying a loaded revolver. The police are in doubt whether Leed intended to depend upon the action of the strikers.

FURIOUS ATTACK ON NEGROES.

Eighty negroes being transported from the stock yards in two cars on the Lake Shore road were thrown into a panic by a furious attack by a mob of 200 throwing stones which demolished nearly every window in both cars. The explosion of a torpedo warned the engineer to stop.

Instantly a mob rushed out from places of concealment and the rock throwing began. Three policemen standing on the platform back of the rioters, while the frightened negroes hid under the car seats while the train pulled away from the scene.

Disorderly conduct, non-union meat from the stock yards today resulted in an exciting chase and the complete failure of the plan. The meat had been loaded by Armour & Co. into a wagon of the Great Western Art Company, and, as the vigilance of the pickets, the driver had passed out of the yards. Shortly afterward, the pickets learned the facts. They mounted a street car, overtook the company's wagon and the man to turn back to the yards, where the meat was unloaded.

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TO CHECKMATE HANDLERS.

If the Freight Handlers' Union should attempt to enforce an order forbidding all members from handling consignments to and from the stock yards, the action will be fought by the American Anti-Boycott Association, and the Federal authorities will be asked to intervene. So asserted Daniel Davenport, executive agent of the association, who arrived in Chicago from Bridgeport, Ct., tonight.

The freight-handlers' order was adopted by its council, and then suspended, pending a call from President Donnelly. Davenport said the threat is similar to one in the case of Debs in the American Railroad Union strike last year.

"We will order the freight handlers not to touch consignments from the truck packers just the moment that President Donnelly orders them," said Davenport. "If they do, we will have them arrested and they will be glad if a settlement can be effected."

MORE PEACE TALK.

A meeting of the allied packing-house trades today was attended by General Agent W. E. Skinner of the Union Stockyards and Transit Company. The subject was the proposed peace talks. The stock handlers were considered, and a committee was selected to go to the offices of General Manager Leonard of the Union Stockyards and Transit Company and hold a conference relative to a peace settlement.

It is authoritatively announced that a conference has been arranged between the stock handlers and the packers. The conference will be held at the offices of the Union Stockyards and Transit Company, and will be held at the offices of the Union Stockyards and Transit Company, and will be held at the offices of the Union Stockyards and Transit Company.

Inspector Hunt has issued a verbal manifesto to the strikers, in which he longer permit strike leaders to issue or disseminate orders to the members of the unions, and that the pickets are to be treated as a parallel to the attitude taken by the authorities in Colorado, the strikers were thrown into the city jail.

TWO MORE ASSAULTS.

Clarence Morris, a non-unionist, formerly in the employ of Armour & Co., was set upon by a mob of strikers today and severely beaten.

George Sunion, a supposed strike breaker, and Edward Johnson, a union man, were also attacked, and are in a serious condition.

Although the managers of the packing companies claim to have enough men working so that their production is almost normal, the prices of meat continue to rise in the local markets. This is largely due to the fact that the plants of the big plants have been almost wholly sent to outside plants.

The meat sent to Chicago customers is almost entirely from the independent plants.

Figures obtained at the five largest independent packing-houses in the yards where there is no strike in progress show that the plants have more than doubled their forces of men and their outputs of meat. The men are working in three shifts of eight hours each, and the killing and dressing of meat is continued day and night.

Previous to the strike these five plants were employing 40 men. Now the force has been increased to 800. The weekly output of the plants has increased from 800 to 8,000 hogs and 100 sheep, slaughtered before the strike, to 8,000 cattle, 1,600 hogs and 100 sheep for the week ending yesterday. All this meat is being supplied to the retail markets in Chicago.

J. J. Redden of the Sheet Metal Workers' Union has been arrested by members of the union outside Chicago to make no cans for the packing companies. Redden was arrested by the police and taken to the city jail.

TWO STRIKERS SHOT.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.—A.M.)
KANSAS CITY, July 23.—Rioting was renewed in the packing-house district today, when a gang of strikers, mostly Austrians, attacked L. King, a negro, who was carrying a package of meat. King was shot twice in the chest and arm and others had sent word that they would return to work within a few days.

RESUME AT ST. LOUIS.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.—A.M.)
ST. LOUIS, July 23.—Packers on the river today resumed work, but the assertion that they have nearly enough men to do their work. At the East Side packing-houses it was said that many of the strikers had gone back to work and others had sent word that they would return to work within a few days.

WATCHEMEN BEAT STRIKERS.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.—A.M.)
OMAHA, July 23.—William Ryder and Joseph Korbe, strikers, were badly beaten by packing-house watchmen, while the latter were trying to unload a number of strike-breakers from a train at Swain's packing-house. The strikers were trying to induce the newcomers not to go to work, and the watchmen began using their

clubs. Several shots were fired, but no one was seriously hurt.

PICKETS BEAT NEGROES.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.—A.M.)
ST. JOSEPH, July 23.—One hundred and fifty negroes arrived here from points in Texas and Alabama today to work in the packing-house of Nelson Morris. The strikers met them at the railroad station and turned back half the negroes, who were without trouble.

BRANCH HOUSES CLOSED.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.—A.M.)
LINCOLN (Neb.) July 23.—Armour & Co. have closed twelve out of their fourteen branch houses in Nebraska, Iowa, and South Dakota from which shipments have been made to the South Omaha markets.

Get Out of Jail on Bail.

CRIPPLE CREEK (Colo.) July 23.—The attorneys for the Western Federation of Miners won the first round in the Cripple Creek case today, when the men incarcerated in the County Jail were released on bail. The men were refused bail at first, allowed bail, but the bail of others was reduced one-half. Bonds were fixed to \$10,000 for the forty-six men incarcerated in the jail and to liberate them all the strikers would be required to furnish a sum of \$113,000 will be required.

MINERS GET CARDS.

FOR THOSE SURRENDERED.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.—P.M.)
CRIPPLE CREEK (Colo.) July 23.—Four thousand and nine hundred cards have been issued to miners of the Cripple Creek district by the Mine Owners Association, and 300 applications are still on file. Of total number issued today, more than 250 have been in exchange for cards surrendered by former members of the Western Federation of Miners, who have returned to work.

Never have more than 4500 miners been employed in the Cripple Creek mine at any time and then only when the strike was on. The men who all the large mine owners working a night shift and at no time has the federation membership been much in excess of 5,000.

McCarvel Didn't Stay Long.

CRIPPLE CREEK (Colo.) July 23.—Patrick McCarvel, one of the men who were deported to the Kansas City by the military in June, returned to Victor, where he owns property valued at \$10,000. When he disembarked from the train he was taken in charge by H. A. Naylor, acting City Marshal. McCarvel was allowed to attend to some business today, but was warned that if he returned to the city he would be arrested and taken to the city jail.

Boilermakers' Strike Not Settled.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 23.—Representatives of the American Boilermakers met at the Southern Pacific office this morning at 11 o'clock to consider the terms of a proposed settlement for a second time with the railroad officials who have been working on the strike. Up to a late hour this afternoon no settlement had been made.

FLASHES FROM THE WIRES

Ex-Senator George G. Vest yesterday was considered worse.

Col. D. R. Anthony, the veteran Kansan, spent a quiet and comfortable day in the city today. The physicians in attendance now say that his recovery is a matter of time.

After years of suffering from an illness which several physicians said was consumption, Miss Iva Blakeman, 25 years of age, of New Bedford, Mass., coughed up a penny. Her health is rapidly improving.

Two prisoners have been arrested and imprisoned. Wilhelmshaven, Germany, on suspicion of espionage. They had in their possession photographs of a ship of the German fleet, which was being built at the shipyard of the fort at Altona.

The body of W. G. Taefel, president of the Newark Savings Bank and Supreme of the Newark American Insurance Union, was found yesterday in the Licking River. He left a note saying that he was going to the bank failure; was ruined financially and had therefore determined to kill himself.

A cablegram has been received at St. Louis from Paris from M. Jules Beve, assistant French commissioner-general, saying that the French government has decided to put a stop to it. It is further stated that the French government has not taken action and it is understood when the war ends Russia proposes to present a bill for damages to the British government, which will offset the indemnities paid to the British for the seizure of British steamers.

YOUNG WU ORDERED HOME.

ATLANTIC CITY (N. J.) July 23.—Wu Chao Chu, son of ex-Minister Wu Ting Fang, who has been attending the conference at the University of Pennsylvania, has been ordered to return to China at once. Young Wu was expected to start Saturday or Monday. The summons was unexpected, especially as he had matriculated at the University of Pennsylvania, having intended to take a four-year course there. He says that he does not know why he has been ordered to return to China at once.

BOUGHT BY STEEL COMPANY.

NEW YORK, July 23.—It was announced today that the plant of the Trenton Wire and Iron Company has been purchased by the United States Steel Company. The price was in the form of 5 per cent, second mortgage bonds on the steel corporation. There are 100 shares of the company, valued at \$1,000,000. The plant was founded in 1847, by Peter Cooper. The Trenton company's capital is \$2,000,000, with only \$600,000 paid up.

SAW THE SULTAN.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—Minister Leishman has called the State Department from Constantinople that he had a long interview with the Sultan today. No details are given, but it is assumed by the officials here that the interview was satisfactory. He has been trying many months to gain personal access to the Sultan, so he has made substantial progress.

AT NEW YORK HOTELS.

NEW YORK, July 23.—(Exclusive Dispatch.)—The Marlborough, W. F. Gouty, Park Avenue, M. Boisarsane, O. J. Peschke.

OBITUARY.

William McLemon.

MONTREAL, July 23.—William McLemon, the Canadian author, is dead at Valambro, Italy, where he was staying with his family.

THE GREAT WAR.

(Continued from First Page.)

on the battlefield and that Gen. Sakaloff and Kondratavitch were wounded. Also that the Russian casualties were about two thousand. The Japanese casualties were about one thousand, and Gen. Oku reports that investigations are being made regarding the number of prisoners taken and the quantity of munitions of war, etc., captured.

CHINESE WITHIN THE LINES.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.—A.M.)
SINT SINT IN (Manchuria) July 23.—It has been definitely established, the Russians say, that the Chinese are within the Japanese lines, which accounts for the extension of their lines of communication. Owing to the bad road, the Japanese are said to be suffering greatly from lack of food.

WILL PUT BEE
IN BEAR'S EAR.

UNITED STATES TO PROTEST
AGAINST SINKING SHIPS.

Regardless of What Russia Says
Down as the Rule, This Government
Will Not "Stand for" Any
More Knight Commander Incidents,
so Contrary to Modern Law.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.—A.M.)

WASHINGTON, July 23.—W. Mynderse, a New York attorney, representing some of the cargo owners of the steamer Knight Commander, sunk by the Russian Vladivostok squadron called at the State Department today and a short, informal conference with Solicitor Penfield respecting a formal presentation to the Russian government of the claims of these owners for the destroyed cargo. It was arranged that a written brief should be submitted to the State Department, and that the United States should be permitted to send a representative to the Russian government to present the claims of these owners for the destroyed cargo. It was arranged that a written brief should be submitted to the State Department, and that the United States should be permitted to send a representative to the Russian government to present the claims of these owners for the destroyed cargo.

It is clear to the officials here that, regardless of any rules which Russia may have laid down for her own government respecting the sinking of neutral ships, the practice, opposed as it is by modern principles of international law, cannot be permitted by the government without a strenuous protest.

The Bureau of Insular Affairs of the Department, which is charged with the transportation of a considerable number of people to and from the Philippines, today received a telegram from New York agents of the Pacific Mail Steamship company, saying that six thousand tons of general freight, consisting mainly of flour, sugar, canned meats, leather, freight cars, lead, cotton, lumber and iron, together with a large number of sealed packages supposed to contain machinery, had been lost on the steamer Knight Commander in Kobe and Yokohama. The cargo is valued at nearly \$2,000,000.

STEAMER MONGOLIA LEAVES.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.—A.M.)
SAN FRANCISCO, July 23.—The Pacific Mail steamship Mongolia sailed today for Japan and China, via Honolulu and Midway Island. She carries 15,000 tons of cargo, including 200,000 pounds of flour, sugar, canned meats, leather, freight cars, lead, cotton, lumber and iron, together with a large number of sealed packages supposed to contain machinery, had been lost on the steamer Knight Commander in Kobe and Yokohama. The cargo is valued at nearly \$2,000,000.

HALFOUR REPLIES TO INQUIRY.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.—A.M.)
LONDON, July 23.—Premier Balfour, in a printed reply to an inquiry by Thomas Gibson Bowles (Conservative) in the House of Commons, July 27, asking for information regarding the action of the Russian armored cruiser Dmitri Dostoi in the Mediterranean, confirmed the facts recited by Mr. Bowles and added that the British government's view is that any ship using coal for purposes other than for which it was obtained should not thereafter be accorded coaling facilities.

RUSSIA FILES PROTEST.

Russia has filed a formal protest at the Foreign Office against British shipments of contraband to Japan.

The Associated Press learns that the Russian government, since the beginning of the war, has carefully watched the manufacture of goods intended for the use of the Japanese government and army. It has established that such goods were about to be shipped to a hostile destination the facts were officially communicated to the British government with the request that measures be taken to put a stop to it. It is further stated that the Russian government has not taken action and it is understood when the war ends Russia proposes to present a bill for damages to the British government, which will offset the indemnities paid to the British for the seizure of British steamers.

DARDANELLES QUESTION.

It is also learned by the Associated Press that Russia does not intend to hasten the settlement of the right of the vessels of the volunteer fleet to pass the Dardanelles, since, if negotiations on the subject were conducted at this time, as desired by Great Britain, Russia might be forced by the exigencies of the war to make concessions she would afterward regret.

TO FULLY INDEMNIFY GERMANS.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.—A.M.)
BERLIN, July 23.—The Foreign Office today informed the Associated Press that Russia had agreed to fully indemnify German shippers and their consignees for any losses sustained by the seizure of German ships and the detention of the Prinz Heinrich's cargo. An inquiry is now in progress to determine what claims shall be presented. Russia also agrees to restore and forward the contents of the two seized mail packages.

NO FURTHER REPLY AS YET.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.—A.M.)
ST. PETERSBURG, July 23.—Although the steamer Arabia has arrived at Vladivostok, the report of the commander of the Vladivostok squadron has not yet been received, and the Foreign Office has made no further reply to the United States, whose communication yesterday, it has transpired, was only in the nature of a presentation of facts regarding the character of the cargo as communicated by the Portland and Asiatic Steamship Company.

NORTHWEST ALARMED.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.—A.M.)
PORTLAND, July 23.—The Portland and Asiatic Steamship company's steamer Arabia, which sailed from this port for the Orient yesterday, carrying an assorted cargo of flour, railroad materials, tobacco, etc., is detained at Astoria, pending further instructions from her charterers. It is understood in shipping circles that the Arabia will not follow the usual route of steamers sailing from northwest ports for the Far East, but that her course will be corrected so as to minimize the possibility of capture by Russian war vessels. The Arabia carries a cargo similar to that carried by the seized Arabia, and largely consigned in 1910 manner. The time of the Arabia's departure from Astoria may depend upon the action of the Russian authorities with regard to the release of the Arabia.

Besides the Portland Flouring Mills company, on behalf of which John Mitchell protested against the seizure of the flour on the Portland and Asiatic Company's steamer Arabia by the Russian Vladivostok squadron, the Portland Flouring Mills company of this city shipped flour on board the Arabia to Hong Kong. The Portland Flouring Mills company contained its entire shipment to a Chinese port, but the other houses, together with T. M. Stevens & Co., of Portland, and the Eddy, Falk and American Trading Company of San Francisco also dispatched flour to Japan, the destinations being Yokohama, Kobe, Moji and Nagasaki.

The railway material on the Arabia was consigned to a Japanese firm, and is supposed to be intended for use on the road connecting Yokohama and Kobe. There were three shipments of cars from this port, the first lot going on the steamer Nicomera, which was not molested, and the second lot, consisting of 400 tons, was shipped on the Arabia, and a third consignment is aboard the Arabia, which sailed yesterday. The Arabia is expected to arrive at Astoria about 10 o'clock this afternoon. While over thirty cars yet remain here awaiting transportation. Less than five hundred tons of the 20,000 tons of flour carried by the Arabia is subject to seizure, as only 400 tons were billed to the Mikado's realm.

The officials of the Portland and Asiatic Company do not anticipate that the Arabia will be detained at Vladivostok for any great length of time, as less than half of her cargo comes under the head of contraband goods. She is expected to be released and permitted to proceed to her regular ports of call almost immediately.

The assertion that the Portland and Asiatic Company is engaged in the transportation of contraband goods is refuted here. The company is conducting its business on the same basis as other lines operating to the Orient from the Pacific Coast, all of which are carrying cargoes of similar nature. It is held by the company that proof must be furnished by Russia that the shipment going to Hong Kong was contraband, and that shipments to Japan were destined for the naval and land forces of the Mikado.

STEAMER MONGOLIA LEAVES.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.—A.M.)
SAN FRANCISCO, July 23.—The Pacific Mail steamship Mongolia sailed today for Japan and China, via Honolulu and Midway Island. She carries 15,000 tons of cargo, including 200,000 pounds of flour, sugar, canned meats, leather, freight cars, lead, cotton, lumber and iron, together with a large number of sealed packages supposed to contain machinery, had been lost on the steamer Knight Commander in Kobe and Yokohama. The cargo is valued at nearly \$2,000,000.

The safe arrival of the Korea at Yokohama had little effect on war risks here. Insurance on the Mongolia's cargo declared "neutral" and not contraband, remained at 2 per cent, though a large part of the business had been held until the Korea was heard from. If the Vladivostok squadron has not left the eastern coast of Japan when the big liner arrives at Honolulu, on the fourth of August, she will be held there. She will also stop for orders at Midway Island.

The steamer Gaelic, of the Occidental & Oriental line, is still held at Midway Island, where she has been for three days.

KOUROPATKIN TO STAND.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.—P.M.)
LONDON, July 30.—Reports from Gen. Kuroki's headquarters convey the statement that Gen. Kouropatkin's headquarters and his reserves are now at Tangyueh, and that he is preparing to make another stand at Augustan, midway between Haicheng and Liao Yang.

THE ARABIA AT VLADIVOSTOK.

IN CHARGE OF PRIZE CREW.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.—A.M.)
VLADIVOSTOK, July 23.—(By Pacific Cable.) The German steamer Arabia, under charter of an American company, which was captured by the Russian cruiser Gromobol July 22, a hundred miles north of Yokohama, has arrived here in charge of a prize crew. That portion of the steamer's cargo which is alleged to be contraband comes from Portland, Or.

The Arabia, with two other ships of the Hamburg-American Company, is under charter for three years to the American Trading Company, which is asserted, is engaged in carrying contraband. She is commanded by Capt. Bahl and has a crew of ten German and twenty-seven Chinese. According to statements by the Chinese on board, many American steamers are engaged in carrying contraband.

The Arabia left Portland July 2 with a cargo of flour and railroad material. The greater portion of the flour—2,400 tons—was addressed to Hongkong and is not liable to seizure, but 466 tons of flour and 542 tons of railroad material are addressed to Yokohama, Kobe and Nagasaki, and, consequently, are contraband. The iron of the cargo consists of platforms, wheels, axles, bolsters and parts of bridges.

As the contraband of war aboard the Arabia forms less than half her cargo, the vessel herself is not liable to seizure. After the contraband has been disposed of, the ship will probably be released. The final decision as to her disposition rests with the prize court.

The prize crew on board consists of Lieut. Valdisale and forty-two men from the cruiser Gromobol.

CANNOT UNDERSTAND KICKS.

The naval men here cannot understand why the British and American papers should be questioning the legality of the actions of the Vladivostok squadron in the Pacific. The Russian cruisers, it is asserted, are acting under the rules formulated in regard to prizes and imperially confirmed March 27, 1895.

For the information of all the powers, and for nine years neither Great Britain nor any other power has protested. Paragraph 21 of these rules reads:

"In extreme cases, where the retention of ships is impossible, owing to their bad condition, when they are of small value or in danger of recapture by the enemy, when at a great distance from a home port or when there is danger for the ship which has taken due prize, the commander, upon his personal responsibility, may burn or sink the captured vessel, after having previously taken off her crew, and as far as possible her cargo. Her documents must be preserved and even witnesses can be held for the purpose of giving testimonies by the prize court."

The destruction of the British steamer Knight Commander is held to have been justified under the above rule.

It is further claimed that the British government, instead of complaining, should have taken steps to compel her ship owners to desist from carrying contraband in accordance with King Edward's neutrality proclamation, in which he said: "I give notice that all our subjects who transgress will do so at their own peril and risk and will under no circumstances receive our protection."

THE KOREA AT YOKOHAMA.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.—A.M.)
TOKIO, July 23, 9 p.m.—The steamer Korea arrived at Yokohama at 1 o'clock this morning. She saw no Russian warships and was not aware of danger. She sighted the steamer ship Doric, which was prepared to give warning of danger, but did not speak the steamship Lyra, which left Yokohama last Tuesday for Seattle.

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SAVING OF WATER UPPERMOST THEME.

United States Geologist Makes Report of Tremendous Importance. Offer to the City of Large Supply of Needed Fluid—More Meters.

SCIENTIFIC investigation of the underground water supply of Southern California in the developed region contiguous to Los Angeles by a government geologist, has uncovered a very serious state of affairs. In the opinion of this expert, the region has reached its limit of development and even with the amount of land now planted to products requiring irrigation, the water supply for this purpose cannot last, in the way it is now used.

If these are the facts they are not pleasant ones, but they must be faced; and the sooner they are learned by the people who have the welfare of the south at heart and are faced by a practical spirit, with the result of rigid economy in the use of water for whatever purpose, the better for the country, says the geologist.

W. C. Mendenhall of the United States Geological Survey was sent here some months ago to study and report on the underground water supply of the region. His investigation has already led him to definite conclusions, and his report soon to be put in the hands of the government for distribution, will contain the most serious statements and warnings ever spoken on behalf of Southern California.

Mr. Mendenhall is not an alarmist; he discounts anything that might cause the people of the region to take sudden alarm, for which he says there is no need, and he is not on the subject because of its seriousness; but he is clear on one point—that the further development of land in this section for crops dependent on regular irrigation must cease, if the territory already under irrigation is to survive. "This is a subject that must be treated with reserve," said the geologist yesterday when questioned concerning his findings, "but the facts in the case cannot be escaped. I think that the people vitally interested would better know them, not for the purpose of spreading an alarm, but to be in the position to face the conditions in a practical, reasonable way and learn rigid economy in water before it is too late.

This region is drawing not only water, but the principal source of water supply at a rapid rate. While the depletion that is so apparent now in the basins and the fact that the storage supply is due somewhat to the small rainfall for several years past, this depletion is due still more to the over-development of the region, resulting in the overtaxing of the water supply even under normal conditions of rain.

There is no possible source for the storage of water for use in the valley other than the rainfall in the contiguous region. With the amount of land now dependent on irrigation, I do not believe that several years of normal or even heavy rainfall could replace it in its former condition the depleted supply.

The people must take heed of this and plan, in future development, for crops not dependent on irrigation. It has been shown that there are many of the latter class that can be grown with success here, and these must be reckoned with in the future. "Naturally the most important element in conserving your water supply is the preservation of the forests covering the watershed," he said.

Mr. Mendenhall is of the opinion that the domestic water supply of Los Angeles is sufficient for present needs, and even for a considerable period in the future, if the city will provide ample storage reservoirs. Wasting of water by the consumers is the trouble just now, he thinks.

Investigation in the San Fernando Valley developed the fact that there is outlook for some ranchers who have depended on irrigation there. It is considered feasible by students of the local water question for the city, some day in the future, when its growth makes the good, sweet water of the San Fernando sources too precious for baser uses, to pump water up from the Pacific Ocean for the purposes of closet and sewer flushing and street sprinkling.

WATER METERS SLEEPLESS. "The water meter is the boss watchman; it never sleeps," said Superintendent Mulholland of the city water department, yesterday. "In the placing of water meters on service pipes lies the solution of our difficulties over water shortage, and if we had the funds at our command we would equip them on hundreds of services at once."

"Los Angeles has many good citizens who only need to have their attention called to the serious waste of water occurring every day when they responded by saving economy, and the result is apparent; but, unfortunately, the city also has another class of people who must be touched in their pocketbooks before they will save. The scarcer the commodity the more desirable it seems to some persons. The water meter is the thing to bring these people to reason, and it does it, every time."

The surplus funds of the water department are being used to install meters just as rapidly as possible. The city now has almost 3000 meters in use, and the water department is doing their best to install more. They are accomplishing a saving of almost one-half the amount of water previously consumed by the same services. New meters are being placed at the rate of 200 a month, and these do not go systematically into one section of the city, but are judiciously distributed in all parts of Los Angeles, wherever the "water hog" is found by the inspectors—and, said to say, their name is legion.

In one instance during the past month an owner of a cottage and lot 10x150 feet, who had been warned several times against the prodigal use of water, had been paying the rate of \$150 per month for the service, had a meter placed on his water pipe, on complaint of the inspector, and the little machine tallied up an account of \$18.50. The householder was horrified; on nowadays petting their feet soaking wet from the slushy garden walks and water-soaked grounds.

But even at the rate of 200 meters a month, the task before the city water department is a great one. There are now over 35,000 active water services, and eventually every one of these is to be placed under meter.

WATER RESERVE GAINING. The good work done through arousing the public to a realization of the water conditions has resulted within the past few days in a stoppage of the decline in the reserve reservoirs, and this means a difference of fully 1,000,000 gallons a day.

Yesterday the consumption of water from the regular supply was down nearly 1,000,000 gallons, so that there is a good prospect that the serious trouble which threatened for a week

be turned toward making fruitful our great dry expanses, and peopling them with growing agricultural communities. No man would ever have been placed at the head of this committee, whose ability and resource has not been tried and recognized by his associates. They are far better judges than politicians whose estimate of man is based on his ability to get offices for them and their friends, or to engineer legislation for private or corporate interests.

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BLOOD WILL TELL

A Theory Supported by Fresh, Conclusive Evidence.

A Recent Instance Proves That a Woman's Hysterical Nature Can Be a Factor in the State of Her Blood.

When the blood is disordered every organ of the body is affected unfavorably and fails to discharge its functions properly. In the case of every woman nature has made special provision for per-petual purification of the blood, and so long as this occurs her health and spirits unfailingly reveal the beneficial results. So slight a cause as a cold or a nervous shock may produce a suppression of this vital function, and until it is restored she is doomed to misery. The remedy that has proved most prompt and effective in all disorders peculiar to the female sex, is that which brought such great relief to Miss Mattie Griggs, 307 Indiana street, Lawrence, Kansas, concerning which she speaks as follows:

"In the winter of 1902 from some unknown cause, there was a cessation of functions peculiar to my sex for a period of four months. I became very weak and could not get up stairs without help. I had nausea and pain and a constant headache. I was under the care of a physician for three months, but he did not succeed in curing me. Then a lady friend told me about the medicine of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which she had used in her family and she induced me to try them. It was in May when I first began to use them and in June I had fully recovered my health, and have since remained perfectly well."

In all cases of delayed development of young girls; in anæmia or weakness due to impoverished blood and showing itself in pallor, lack of ambition, despondency and nervousness; also in the great constitutional disturbances attending the period known as the change of life, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are invaluable for women. They are sold by all druggists. A booklet of valuable information, relating to the care of a woman's health at all important periods, and entitled "Talks to Women," will be sent free in a sealed envelope to anyone who chooses to write to Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

LAYING A GHOST.

It Cost John Bronzan Six Dollars for Masses—The Clicking of a Purse.

George Banaz died nearly a month ago, but his ghost has been walking. For eleven consecutive nights he has been making his presence felt by the clicking of his friends, and only after masses had been said for the repose of the soul of the dead man did peace come to the man who firmly believes that the ghost of his friend had been haunting him.

Banaz was well known about the city of Los Angeles. He was a sewer contractor and had a place down on San Fernando street. A month ago he was taken seriously ill and was removed to the hospital. Before going he handed over the various miscellaneous effects upon his person to his close friend, John Bronzan, who had his books on Catalina street. There was a handsome gold watch, a diamond ring, \$25 in cash, a pocket knife and some smaller articles.

Banaz died and Bronzan sorrowed for his dead friend. He proceeded to hand over the effects confided to him by the deceased to a brother of Banaz, who was engaged in straightening out the estate of the late man. The watch and ring were accounted for, and also the lesser articles of nominal value, but Bronzan had lapse of memory when it came to the gold watch.

That night Bronzan suddenly awoke. There did not seem to be any reason for his waking, but he felt as if his eyes opened and his senses were alert on the instant. All was darkness about the room, and the sleeper about to turn over in disgust and try to doze off again when a peculiar sound struck his ear. It was as if a purse was being shaken close by him. First it was to the right, then to the left, and then overhead, but at all times the sound of the clicking of the watch was very close.

Bronzan didn't know what to make of the noise. He jumped out of bed and turned on the light. Everything about the room was in order, and nothing bore the appearance of being disturbed. Then he retired again, and nothing further disturbed his rest that night.

For ten consecutive nights this ghostly clicking came to trouble the slumbers of Bronzan. Each night he would awaken and immediately afterward the purse would play its clicking accompaniment to his own fearful thoughts.

The name to Bronzan the most striking experience of his life. He went to bed feeling dubious. He says that he did not frighten, but he tried to account for what was happening. But this evening there was a variation in the ghostly programme. As usual Bronzan it was all over with all about him. Then very lightly he heard the clicking to which he had become so accustomed. But the sound was faint and then died altogether away. A moment later and the hair on Bronzan's head began to rise. The cold sweat began to trickle down his face. In the far corner of the room a misty something had taken shape and came closer to him. Flinging outward the bedside the vapory outline took well defined shape and then the form of George Banaz stood looking down with eyes upon the form of the man he had called friend.

Bronzan clutched the bedclothes and tried to speak, but the words died in his throat. With desperation he raised himself up in bed, seeking to persuade himself that John Bronzan was playing him false; that his eyes had conjured up an illusive picture that would disappear when he opened his eyes.

But the Banaz ghost remained in place, merely lifting the head as Bronzan arose, so that the ghostly eyes might track him. Then after the lapse of a few moments—that seemed an age—the form shadowed down, disappeared and he was left alone.

Bronzan didn't know what to do. Both he and his deceased friend came from the same Irish country of the Old World, and he had something about the ghostly visitors as believed in his old home. In his distress he went to see John Bronzan, the old-time druggist on North Main street, and told him of his experience. Mr. Lopez, who had been a druggist in the city and was now a water company official and casually asked Bronzan what he had done to cause his friend to rest so uneasily in his grave. He asked Bronzan to describe the ghostly visitor.

"Well, there you are," said Lopez. "What did you do with the money? Did you lose it? Did he die not at all? He forgot all about the money, and had it jingling in his pocket and spent it."

Lopez suggested that he should at once return the money to the rightful owner, but Bronzan demurred to that. He said that if Lopez would go with him he would give the money to the church, and have masses said for the repose of his friend's soul.

And that was what was done. Bronzan said that was the surest way to lay a ghost, and he disposed of the \$25 in this manner.

Now he is waiting and watching to see if Banaz keeps quiet or comes around and bothers him more. He is confident, however, that in any case the clicking purse will not again be in evidence.

OBJECTIONS.

Monster Undertaking of the Arrowhead Water Company May Meet With Opposition.

The gigantic mountain water enterprise of the Arrowhead Reservoir Company having been duly described in The Times, the kickers are coming. W. A. Field of this city, president of the Hesperian Land and Water Company, thinks he has a good, righteous and legitimate kick. He claims that the engineers of the Arrowhead forces are planning to tap the streams that flow to the north for a distance of thirty miles. This company proposes to take this territory and turn its streams southward—taking the waters from all the tributaries of the Mojave River on the Mojave side of the mountains. This will starve out thousands of acres of rich land. Can these boomers find a court of justice which will permit them to take this water

Sunny Side



Remember, in taking advantage of these trips you are in no way obliged to buy. We simply desire to show you the property and allow your own good judgment to decide whether you purchase or not.

JAMES A. KENNEY, Owner.



Free Excursion

WILL BE RUN FROM OUR OFFICE TO SUNNYSIDE, JULY 29, 30 AND 31.

Office open Sunday at 225 West Second Street, to issue tickets.

GO ANY HOUR YOU PLEASE

A Few Reasons Why Sunnyside is a Success

LOCATION—Two miles south of Los Angeles and Main Streets and Vermont Avenue. Splendid daily car service on the Los Angeles and Redondo Railway—Garden and the San Pedro Traction Line; stations on the property.

A Pleasure Park planted with palms, ornamental trees, shrubbery and lawn, side is at the open door of Los Angeles, right in the life of growth and development.

Our Prices and Terms are Unequalled

1-ACRE LOTS \$150—1-ACRE LOTS \$250—2-1/2-ACRE LOTS \$1000

Lost Opportunities

bought for \$5000 to \$10,000 per acre. The same situation is again presented to you. Are you going to let these golden opportunities slip by you for the second or third time? Meditate over these facts and investigate Sunnyside, the Modern Suburb. COME OUT TODAY. YOUR FARE.

GRIDER & HAMILT

Home Phone

GOAT MAKES DEBUT AS A FIRE DRIVER.

JOE, an ungainly Catalina goat living at Engine-house No. 9, at Ninth and Santee streets, fell into deep disgrace yesterday.

Joe's back yard looks into a back yard with a fascinating clothes line. Joe stands in his pen and mews upon the breeze as it lifts the dainty laces and embroideries. When yesterday a pair of pear-graft open-work stockings made their appearance on the line, Joe went over, snuffed with his nose, and chewed one off the line. Wherefore he is in great disgrace. It does not set heavily upon him.

Yesterday was a momentous day in his career, as he also made his debut as a fireman.

There being a dearth of fires to exercise the horses, the captain ordered a practice hitch-up. When the horses sprang to their places and the hosemen hitched themselves quickly onto the hose wagon, Joe gave a Catalina jump and landed on the hose wagon, where he maintained a swaying foot-

ing as the wagon careened out into the street.

Joe's regular job is driving the non-hobbling boys out of the engine-house when the engine is away at a fire; and keeping a white bulldog and a Nicaraguan monkey in a proper state of discipline when it is not.

Joe is but one of the most entertaining menageries in the city. It is a collection of pets belonging to the firemen at this house, mentioned above.

At the first tap of the fire-engine among the brown Catalina goat comes out on the run, weaving in between the horses and the wagons and takes his station near the front door, while the harness drops in place with a clack and the horses stand quivering and skipping with excitement as the fire captain waits for the repeat of the alarm before the electric snaps let go and the horses plunge forward.

After the engines have gone, Joe takes command of the establishment. Ordinarily he takes kindly to visitors, but was to the small boy who ventured into the engine-house after the engine has gone! Joe instantly rears around and charges with his horns in a vicious and alarming attitude.



Latest Recruits for the Fire Department.

He swaggers in the empty engine-house and simply aches for trouble. He makes remarks to the effect that bulldogs are not allowed in the engine-house while the men are out at the fire; and from the back yard comes the tugging of a chain and a howl of doom.

It comes from a white bull terrier named Jack, covered with scars and hungry for more. He and the goat are ostensibly on good terms; but never does the goat find a sprig of barley but the bulldog gets an inspiration to lie down at that particular spot. In a minute the bull is chewing at the top of the goat's head and Joe is up on his hind legs butting like a steam ram.

The rest of the happy family is a little whimpering monkey which is afraid of all the rest, including the horses, and which clings with both arms around the men's necks crying bitterly, only pausing in its grief to deliver an ovation of applause. Messrs. Sentous and Brown and T. M. Thorpe are in the crowd, and the Southern firemen are in the crowd, and the crowd is in the crowd.

He was a delectable to the voters of the machine that he had made out for a high public office in California. I feel sure, should fortune favor him, he would be the high record of the case to be blessed.

But the sentence was never finished. At that time the crowd realized that the program had slipped a cog somewhere and the howled so loud for Flint that Dr. Donaldson, who had been invited to deliver an oration at the Roosevelt ratification, was not permitted to finish his address.

It was a delectable to the voters of the machine that he had made out for a high public office in California. I feel sure, should fortune favor him, he would be the high record of the case to be blessed.

WHIP OF PROGRESS.

Still the world is spinning, humming. As the whip of progress cracks on; Fast the Frenchman is becoming Anglo-Saxon.

Soon the Jap will grow less yellow, And his sturdy legs no longer sag. Till he seems the very fellow Of the Yankee.

Then our slender Hindu brother Will display an English torso; We shall all be like each other, Only more so.

—London Tatler.

Down the Political Pike.

S. C. Smith, candidate for Congress from the Eighth Congressional District, was in the city yesterday looking after his political friends.

Whittier business men have organized a Bar Club with a charter roll of over 400 members. In addition to the merchants of Whittier, the club is made up of fruit growers and ranchers living in or near Whittier.

Pete Wilson, candidate for Supervisor, is reported to have experienced a surprising change of heart. When Wilson started on his canvass he allied himself closely with the machine push. His preliminary canvass is said to have convinced him that none of the Flint's delegates in his district would attend the county convention in an official capacity, and he is now desirous of lining up with the Bard supporters. This he has found to be no easy task, for he has had to contend with the machine men who are looking forward with considerable anxiety to the outcome of the present Senatorial struggle.

Love's Labor Lost.

J. H. Krimminger, biennial aspirant for the Republican nomination from the Seventy-fifth Assembly District, is in disgrace with the machine bosses whom he had labored four years to cultivate.

Krimminger was last week elected president of the Third Ward machine club. Last night at a meeting arranged for the endorsement of Frank P. Flint, Krimminger introduced a speaker who made a set oration favoring the candidacy of Oxnard. And the fourteen years' toil of the man who had worked with the seal of Jacob and the patience of Job went all for naught.

To make matters worse Flint came into the meeting, which was held in the rooms of the Republican League, just when Dr. Donaldson, the speaker of the evening, was making a eulogy of President Roosevelt and other Harvard men, was canonizing Oxnard.

Standing in the rear of the hall paid for by machine funds, Flint heard, to

GOAT MAKES DEBUT AS A FIRE DRIVER.

Backbone

It gives a boy backbone to know that a sum of money is invested and accumulating against his majority. Place a sum with us to be invested in his name to increase with each year until he becomes of age.

Merchants' Trust Co.

Capital Stock \$500,000 Paid up..... \$215,000

203 S. Broadway Under the American National Bank

Geo. P. Taylor

Tailor and Haberdasher

GENTLEMEN'S SUMMER NECKWEAR

IMPORTED Four-in-hands and Bow Ties to the exclusive in pattern and fabric—with new and original ideas in colorings.

Gentlemen who dress correctly and at the same time seek comfort these warm days will find that our Haberdashery Department offers advantages not to be secured elsewhere.

No. 525 S. Broadway. New Taylor Bldg. Dinner Clo., Ladies' Tailors. Third Floor

HOME SAVINGS BANK

Business judgment indicates that investment for your savings which brings a good return and yet is thoroughly secure. A savings deposit with this Bank offers such advantages, pays four per cent interest, is a safe, convenient form of investment. Investigation solicited.

HOME SAVINGS BANK

152 North Spring St., Corner of Court

R. A. Rowan & Co.

Real Estate Brokers in Business Property.

We make a specialty of renting store rooms, office buildings, hotels and lofts in the business centers of this city. If looking for anything of this kind you will find it to your advantage to call and see us at our Renting Department.

We particularly call your attention to No. 213 N. Broadway, a new modern store room in five story building. Rent only \$65 per month. Also good store room on Main street between Fifth and Sixth Sts., rent \$75 per month.

Large store room on Broadway, 44x150 to alley. Fine proposition for restaurant.

A speculation on Central Avenue, between Seventh and Eighth Sts., west side of street. Size 80x112. Two houses. Price \$10,000. Before buying or renting business property secure our list.

R. A. Rowan & Co.,
200 H. W. HELLMAN BUILDING

Bonds and Investments.

ADAMS-PHILLIPS COMPANY

315 SOUTH BROADWAY. (A Corporation 1893.) PHONE HOME 987.

GOVERNMENT BONDS { SCHOOL AND QUASI-PUBLIC CORPORATION

Bought and Sold.

Stock-Bonds. L. BLANKENHORN, 311 Douglas Bldg. Third and Spring. Approved securities—railway, electric, gas, water, municipal, etc. school bonds, bank and other stocks. List of the oil and mining companies. Money to loan. References—all the banks.

Trust Companies.

TITLE INSURANCE & TRUST CO.

(Corner Franklin and New High Streets)

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS \$600,000.00

Issues policies of Title Insurance. Issues Certificates of Title. Acts in all Trust Capacities. TEL. EXCHANGE 12.

Life Insurance.

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO. Newark, N. J.

Dividends. Frederick Frelighsburg, President. Assets \$2,812,715; surplus \$561,175. WALTER H. FISHER, Manager, 413-415 Broadway Bldg. Home 303. The James Bldg.

Building and Loan Associations.

6 PER CENT PAID ON SUMS OF \$50.00 AND UP.

THE PROTECTIVE SAVINGS Mutual Building and Loan Association, 101 North Broadway. Send for booklet. Information cheerfully given.

UNION Bank of Savings

FOUR PER CENT INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS

THE CONSOLIDATION OF THE UNION BANK OF SAVINGS AND THE COLUMBIA SAVINGS BANK MAKES THIS ONE OF THE LARGEST AND STRONGEST SAVINGS BANKS IN LOS ANGELES. THE ENTIRE FORCE OF THE COLUMBIA SAVINGS BANK HAS BEEN RETAINED AND WILL WAIT UPON CUSTOMERS IN THE TRANSFER AND RECEIPT OF DEPOSITS.

THIS BANK HAS DEPOSITS IN EXCESS OF \$2,500,000.00

DIRECTORS: J. M. Elliott, President First National Bank; O. T. Johnson, Capitalist; L. N. Van Noy, Capitalist; J. C. Drake, Pres. L. A. Trust Co.; J. S. Craven, Pres. Southern National Bank; R. H. F. Varrel, Attorney; W. S. Bartlett, President; W. E. McVay, Cashier.

UNION BANK OF SAVINGS 223 SOUTH SPRING STREET

Southern California Savings Bank

BRALY BUILDING, FOURTH AND SPRING STS. RESOURCES, \$4,885,455.38.

DIRECTORS: J. H. BRALY, President; A. H. BRALY, Vice-Pres.; W. D. WOOLWORTH, Vice-Pres.; CHAR. H. TOLL, Cashier; J. M. ELLIOTT, President First National Bank; W. C. PATTERSON, Vice-Pres. Los Angeles National Bank; H. JEVRE.

4% PAID ON TERM DEPOSITS. 3% PAID ON ORDINARY DEPOSITS.

Money Loaned on Approved Real Estate. Safe Deposit and Storage Vaults—the perfection of security.

BOXES RENTED \$2.00 PER YEAR.

Trunks and cases containing silverware stored from 25c per month up.

OPEN SATURDAY EVENINGS 6:30 TO 8:30.

Security Savings Bank

COR. MAIN AND SECOND STS.

Capital and Surplus \$500,000.00 Resources \$7,500,000.00

Largest Savings Bank in Southern California

4% Paid on Term Deposits 3% Paid on Ordinary Deposits

ESSENTIAL POINTS TO BE CONSIDERED IN SELECTING A SAVINGS BANK: Capital, Surplus, Resources, Conservative Management, Facilities and Safety.

J. F. Sartori, Pres. Maurice S. Hellman, Vice-Pres. W. D. Longyear, Cashier. H. W. Hellman, W. L. Graves, Wm. H. Allen, Jr., Henderson Hayward, J. A. Grava, T. E. Newlin, J. H. Shankland, Henry W. O'Melvey.

Money Loaned on Real Estate. SPECIAL DEPARTMENT—BANKING BY MAIL.

OPEN SATURDAY EVENINGS.

CO-OPERATIVE SAVINGS BANK

CORNER FIFTH AND BROADWAY

Your money can in a short time be quadrupled. Make some of your means needlessly expended supplement your efforts in the matter of accumulating a fortune.

WE PAY INTEREST ON TIME DEPOSITS.

OPEN SATURDAY EVENINGS.

EQUITABLE SAVINGS BANK

5% Paid on Term Deposits

Get one of our Little Steel Stools for your home savings.

MONEY TO LEND ON REAL ESTATE.

GERMAN-AMERICAN SAVINGS BANK,

MAIN AND FIRST STREETS.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS \$450,000.00

ASSETS OVER \$4,700,000.00

Offers every facility for saving and the earliness at the above rate equal that offered by any other savings institution.

OPEN SATURDAY EVENINGS 6:30 TO 8:30 P.M.

JOHN E. FLATER, President; ISAIAH W. HELLMAN, Vice-President; W. C. CASWELL, Cashier; I. A. WELLS, Vice-President.

LOS ANGELES SAVINGS BANK

250 N. Main St., Los Angeles. Money Loaned on Approved Real Estate.

DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK & TRUST CO.

PAID UP CAPITAL, \$100,000.00

Assets \$1,000,000.00

PER CENT INTEREST PAID ON TERM DEPOSITS.

Clearinghouse Banks.

NAME	OFFICERS
Central Bank	WILLIAM MEAD, Pres. Capital...\$100,000 Surplus and Profits...\$50,000
N. E. Cor. Fourth and Broadway.	W. C. DUNN, Cashier.
Southwestern National Bank	JOHN S. CRAVEN, Pres. Capital...\$200,000 Surplus and Profits...\$50,000
N. W. Cor. Second and Broadway.	A. B. JONES, Cashier.
Commercial National Bank	W. A. BONTING, Pres. Capital...\$200,000
at Los Angeles, 413 S. Spring st.	C. N. FINNEY, Cashier.
Farmers & Merchants National Bank	L. W. HELLMAN, Pres. Capital...\$1,000,000 Surplus and Profits...\$1,000,000
Cor. Main and Commercial.	CHAR. SETLER, Cashier.
First National Bank	J. M. ELLIOTT, Pres. Capital...\$500,000 Surplus and Profits...\$750,000
S. E. Cor. Second and Spring.	W. T. S. HAMMOND, Cashier.
N. E. Cor. First and Spring.	W. C. PATTERSON, Pres. Capital...\$200,000 Surplus and Profits...\$200,000
Merchants National Bank	HERMAN W. HELLMAN, Pres. Capital...\$200,000 Surplus and Profits...\$200,000
S. W. Cor. First and Spring.	W. H. HOLLIDAY, Cashier.
American National Bank	W. F. BOTSFOED, Pres. Capital...\$1,000,000 Surplus and Profits...\$750,000
S. W. Cor. Second and Broadway.	T. W. PHELPS, Cashier.
National Bank of California	JOHN M. C. MARBLE, Pres. Capital...\$200,000 Surplus and Profits...\$100,000
N. E. Cor. Second and Spring.	J. E. FISHER, Cashier.
State Bank and Trust Company	H. J. WOLLAOTT, Pres. Capital...\$200,000 Surplus and Profits...\$50,000
N. W. Cor. Second and Spring.	J. W. A. OFF, Cashier.
Citizens National Bank	R. J. WATERS, Pres. Capital...\$200,000 Surplus and Profits...\$110,000
N. E. Cor. Third and Spring.	A. J. WATERS, Cashier.
Broadway Bank & Trust Company	WARREN GILLEN, Pres. Capital...\$200,000 Surplus and Profits...\$100,000
203-213 S. Broadway, Broadway Bldg.	R. W. KERRY, Cashier.

MONEY TO LOAN—

A dark, vertical, textured surface, possibly a book cover or a piece of wood, showing signs of wear and discoloration. The texture is grainy and uneven, with some lighter patches and darker streaks. There are some small, dark spots and a faint, irregular shape near the bottom, possibly a stain or a mark. The overall appearance is aged and worn.

BUSINESS.

[illegible]

Editorial Section. MAIN STREET—10 PAGES. Hdkts. 9c. Values to 25c. The daintiest of women's handkerchiefs, some with lace edges, some with embroidered edges. dway. Fans 9c. samples of Japanese art fans. A few in the lot are worth a lot, pretty fans everybody will pick from. 25c Women's Neckwear. This lot comprises stock collars, made of white lawn or cream. Venice, trimmed with val lace. Selling price everywhere Saturday 12c. \$1.75, \$2.00 79c. Waists. quality of lawn, in white or blue, such a wealth of tucking and ruffles and insertions. Some with hemstitching. Every one is among them. Saturday. Furnishings. Men's Sample Hose 25c. Sample line of imported fancy socks for men, every conceivable pattern. Regular 50c and 55c. Saturday 25c. \$1.75 Skirts \$1.25. The newest styles in women's skirts, made of pique or pure linen, trimmed with tailor stitching made with care. By our own expert designer and tailor on premises.

N. B. BLACKSTONE CO. DRY GOODS Spring and Third Sts. STORE CLOSING TODAY AT ONE O'CLOCK. Saturday Morning Specials. Novelty Silk Belts \$2.50 to \$6 Values, \$1.50. White or black Moire Silk Belts, crush or plaited, girder buckles, latest designs in buckles and slides finished in gold, silver-rose, gun metal, etc. Ten or twelve dozen to pick from. Your Choice for \$1.50 each This Morning. WAIST SETS HALF PRICE. The season's novel shapes and designs in both three and four-piece sets for the shirt waist. Mother-of-pearl, silver-rose, silver, turquoise, gun metal, enamel and gilt. 25c Sets for 12c; \$2.00 Sets for \$1.00. And every price between out exactly in two. FANCY NECKWEAR REDUCED. New lines of fancy Collars, Stocks, Yokes, Bows and ties at an average of Half and Less, Today.

Small Musical Instruments Banjos, Mandolins, Guitars and Violins. Thoroughly reliable instruments, mechanically true and musically correct. Our guarantee is back of every instrument we sell, whatever the price. We are agents for the Victor Talking Machine. Having the most complete stock in the Southwest, with all the latest records. Discounts on orders of one dozen or more records purchased at one time. The piano tuning and repairing is a specialty of ours. **Geo. J. Birkel Co.** Steinway and Cecilian Dealers. 345-347 South Spring Street.

KAHN'S 457 S. BROADWAY. A cup in the morning is the most appetizing, wholesome, refreshing breakfast any one can make. Always fresh in hermetically sealed cans. **ROUND CHOCOLATE** NO MORE \$15 NO LESS. We work while others play. No dull season where \$15 buys a \$30 suit, made to your measure out of finest imported Scotch Woolens. Separates trousers \$4.50. Write for mail order measurement blanks. SCOTCH TAILORS - 330 S. SPRING ST.

Brent's All kinds of house furnishings, remnants of carpets, etc., will be found at Brent's next week, all marked at the most sensational prices. **PANAMA PEARL FISHERIES CO. Inc.** Capital Stock \$250,000. Fully paid, non-assessable shares \$100.00. Dividends 24 per cent. annually and increasing. Write or call for illustrated booklets and get information from W. G. ALLEN, Sec. and Treas. Room 600 Herman W. Heilman Bldg. Take elevator at 4th St. entrance. **CRUSSES AND ELASTIC HOSIERY MADE TO FIT** W. W. Sweeney 212-214 S. Hill. Removed from 421 S. Bay.

MANOS-FITZGERALD'S 115 SOUTH SPRING STREET. **JOY IN STORE FOR FAMILY.** FATHERLY DR. JOHNSTON FINDS NEW "DAUGHTER."

SALT LAKE SHAKE-UP. Will be Changes as Result of Senator Clark's Investigations—"No Frauds Discovered," Says the Senator on His Departure. THERE will be a shake-up in the Salt Lake Railroad as a result of Senator Clark's visit which ended abruptly at 11:30 last night. The Senator came to Los Angeles quietly and made a little stir when he arrived. He spent most of his afternoons at the Salt Lake offices, but to the casual observer nothing special appeared to be going on. The Senator was unusually non-committal. He was scheduled to make a tour of inspection of the Salt Lake line, but this he did not do. On the whole his stay here was serene and uneventful on the surface, but it ended in a sensation. His last day in Los Angeles was surrounded with war clouds—great, thick, murky war clouds with deep-red things. The Senator arrived at his office in the Chamber of Commerce building early in the morning and when the noon hour came spent but a very short time over his usually sumptuous meal. His lieutenants covered him throughout the day from the swarm of callers, and only those who had been telephoned for were admitted to the office where he was quartered. There was a feeling of unrest in the air when Chief Engineer Wood of the Southern Pacific came running into the hall in his shirt sleeves and when H. E. Worden was turned out of his office to allow a long consultation between J. Ross Clark, the Senator, Mr. Hood, General Manager of the Union Pacific, and others there was "something doing."

STAR HITTER KNOCKS CHINK. VICTIM TAKEN TO THE HOSPITAL IN BAD SHAPE. Sherman Baker, Once Peace Officer, but Now Battering, Gives Evidence of Ugly Temper Which Led to His Discharge from Police Force—No Charge Preferred. Lem Sing, or Him Lue, a Chinese porter employed in the "400" saloon on South Main street, was taken to the Receiving Hospital last night suffering with concussion of the brain resulting from an altercation with Sherman Baker, an ex-policeman. The knock-out occurred in front of the saloon about 7 o'clock last night. Eye-witnesses say that Baker walked from the saloon door while the Chinaman was standing on the sidewalk talking with S. E. Bisbee and struck the Celestial a crushing blow on the back of the head. Sing fell to the pavement and sustained concussion of the brain through the fall. At the Receiving Hospital it was at first thought that the Chinaman could not survive his injuries, but later he rallied and his chances for recovery are considered good. Baker has been employed as a bartender at the "400" saloon. He was let out of the police department several months ago when charges were preferred against him for kicking and mistreating a prisoner. He denied last night that he had assaulted the Chinaman, but said that Sing had accused him of stealing and he simply slapped him when the Chinaman slipped and fell, striking his face on the stone pavement. Baker went to the Police Station to give himself up if wanted, but he was told that no charge had been preferred by the Chinaman.

SAN DIEGO. GASOLINE—TWO HURT. [BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.] SAN DIEGO, July 29.—Fire in the Roxbury building in this city today came near causing the destruction of the block. A leaking gasoline tank caught fire while a reservoir was being filled. A woman seized the tank and started to carry it downstairs, but was so badly burned that she dropped it on the stairway. The flames spread rapidly, but assistance came in time to save the building. D. O. Joy was so badly burned that he was taken to a hospital. The fire department extinguished the flames before great damage was done. The woman's injuries are not serious. **MEMORIAL TO MORTON.** With Hon. Paul Morton as Secretary of the Navy, it is felt that the advantages of the port will be made use of more extensively. A memorial is being signed and will be presented to Secretary Morton, calling attention to prominent features of San Diego Harbor, its relationship to Pacific commerce and the Panama Canal, and its admirable facilities for the location of a coaling dock and naval training station and a dry dock and repair station. Charts of the bay and of the new cuts through the outer bar will be sent to Secretary Morton with the memorial. **REPUBLICAN SMOKER.** The Army and Navy Republican League will give a smoker and ratification meeting this evening at the hotel office, No. 1224 South Spring street. Friends are cordially invited.

JOY IN STORE FOR FAMILY. FATHERLY DR. JOHNSTON FINDS NEW "DAUGHTER."

Los Angeles Man Reported to Have Adopted Indiana Ribbon-counter Girl, Given Her Thousand-Dollar Horse and Promise of Million Dollars—Wife Not Informed. According to a dispatch to The Times from Anderson, Ind., Dr. J. L. Johnston of this city has adopted the prettiest shop girl in that part of Indiana as his daughter, and is going to bring her home to his wife and two children in Los Angeles. Adoption papers were taken out yesterday. The girl's name is Minnie Tate; she is 22. From the heated tone of the dispatch, she must have been a raging belle in Anderson until Dr. Johnston transplanted her yesterday from the ribbon counter of a department store to his fatherly heart. Dr. Johnston has not yet informed Mrs. Johnston and his other children for them. She said last night that she knew nothing about it. The dispatch says Dr. Johnston has presented "daughter" with a new \$1000 horse, and promises her every advantage that wealth can buy when they get back to Los Angeles, and a third of his \$3,000,000 estate some time. It seems Dr. Johnston met her while on a visit to the State of Indiana. He was not generally known at Anderson, but called much at the home of a Dr. J. O. Morrison; met Miss Tate there. He let it be known in Anderson that he is a wealthy mine operator and philanthropist in Los Angeles. He is said to have given \$50,000 to the Indianapolis Physio-Medical College. The young woman from the ribbon counter wanted to be his daughter, for the dispatch says, tragically, "All attempts to dissuade Miss Tate, who is a beautiful girl, from consenting to the adoption was futile." No details are mentioned as to the date of the doctor's intended arrival in Los Angeles, but the \$1000 horse and the new daughter, however, the joyous family reunion of the surprised wife and husband, of the glee of the other children, and the aching pain of the floor walker at Anderson, Ind. Dr. Johnston does not practice here, but his wife and children live in Garvans.

SIXTY YEARS' GOOD HUMOR. Philosopher Burdette and His Birthday Party. Says He Picks the Chair Easy to Get Out of. The Humorist Has Most Fun With His Hoe. Robert J. Burdette is 60 years old today. Tonight a few of his neighbors, intimate friends and parishioners will drop in at "Sunny Crest" in Pasadena and make merry on the broad veranda in the moonlight—make merry, not as with a man of three-score years, but as with a man of thirty.

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PUBLIC SERVICE—OFFICIAL DOINGS.

SUMMARY OF THE DAY.

The Charter Revision Committee has recommended that a Board of Public Works be appointed whose members shall give their entire attention to matters relating to public improvements.

Rev. Dr. Jones yesterday tendered his resignation as a member of the Library Board.

Plans for the new Sunset boulevard bridge have been adopted.

W. F. Muhlenberg, who posed for a brief time as the Count Von Hoffman, will in all probability be discharged.

There is trouble over the guardianship of the estate of Mrs. M. Barber. Her daughter says that her mother cannot look out for her money, while the mother says she will continue to do the best she can without her daughter's assistance.

In the Police Court yesterday a jury disagreed in the suit of the city against the Union Oil Refinery.

Justice Chambers will render his decision as to the validity of the pool-room ordinance on August 4.

PUBLIC ADVERTISING—NEW TODAY.
(1.) Ordinance ordering that a certain portion of Moneta avenue be closed up. (2.) Notice of Civil Service examinations.

These advertisements will be found on page 4, part II.

AT THE CITY HALL.

PERMANENT BOARD OF WORKS.

CHARTER REVISION COMMITTEE FAVORS IT.

Advocates that City Charter be Revised to Enable Appointment of Board of Public Works Whose Members Shall Give Entire Time to City Business.

The Charter Revision Committee has decided to recommend an amendment to the city charter providing for a permanent Board of Public Works, which will be separate from and independent of the Council.

The board, as proposed by the committee, will consist of three members who shall devote all their time to the business of the department. For these services it will be paid to make the salary of each \$2000 a year.

Members will hold office for four years. A system of rotation in office is to be arranged, so that two old members shall be on the commission continually.

All of the members of the Revision Committee (except Fred Eaton, who was not present) were in favor of the recommendation.

There was some discussion as to just how the commission should be appointed.

City Engineer Harry F. Stafford maintained that the City Engineer ought to be a member of the Board of Public Works ex officio. Frank G. Finlayson opposed this idea, and argued that the board should consist of three members independent of the City Engineer. Both points will come up for discussion at the meeting next week.

The Board of Public Works passes on thousands and thousands of dollars' worth of the language of the city year. So great is the number of enterprises going on all of the time that the members of the board are absolutely unable to give even the most cursory attention to the numerous projects the attention that it should receive in order that the taxpayers get the best value for the money expended in public improvements.

The Board of Public Works, as at present constituted, is made up of three members selected from the Council by their fellows. The salary of a Councilman is only \$100 a month, and there is no additional remuneration for serving on the board. Consequently as the Councilmen are not expected to give their whole time to the city's business, the vast majority of public improvements receive little attention from members of the board, especially as each member has duties on several other Council committees.

The men who will be called to serve on the proposed board will not only devote their entire time to this work, but must be men of considerable experience in public improvements, as well as men of business experience and standing.

The Revision Committee feels that the amount of money paid to the members of the board is salary will be saved to the taxpayers many times in the course of a year, and that a much better grade of work will be exacted from contractors who do public work.

DR. JONES RESIGNS FROM LIBRARY BOARD.

Owing to intended removal from the city, Rev. Dr. C. J. K. Jones yesterday tendered his resignation as a member of the board of the directors of the Public Library.

Dr. Jones's successor has not yet been designated, and probably will not be until the Council meets next Monday.

The position is purely honorary, no salary being attached to the office.

Dr. Jones has rendered valuable services to the Public Library and is a very popular with all of the patrons of the institution who know him. He has recently resigned the pastorate of the Church of the Unity, and is going to Florida.

REDUCTIONS.

Although the assessed valuation of the city is about \$17,000,000 more than last year, the reductions granted by the Board of Equalization aggregate \$30,000 less than a year ago.

NEW BRIDGE. PLANS ADOPTED.

The plans for the reconstruction of the Sunset boulevard bridge, as drawn by the City Engineer, were yesterday adopted by the Board of Public Works.

The bridge will be built across Lake Shore avenue and is necessitated by the difference in grade between Sunset boulevard and Lake Shore avenue.

The tracks of the Glendale electric line run on Lake Shore avenue and those of the Los Angeles-Pacific occupy a portion of the roadbed of Sunset boulevard.

The present bridge is so low that the tracks of the Glendale and the L. A. P. are held below grade in order to allow the cars of the system to pass under the bridge.

In order to overcome this difficulty the grade of Sunset boulevard is to be raised five feet and the new bridge built.

The new bridge will be eighty feet in length, whereas the present structure is but fifty feet long.

The City Engineer estimates that the cost of building the bridge will be about \$17,000. Of this amount the city will pay \$9,000, and the railway companies \$8,000.

The board granted permission to S. M. Bernard to build a spur track 340 feet long from Alameda street near Third street to a point near Central avenue. The Fairchild-Gilmore-Wilton Company will also be allowed to construct a spur track to the city block bounded by Santa Fe avenue, Enterprise street, Hunter street and the Santa Fe Railway Company's right of way.

Around the Corridors.

Dr. A. J. Smith of Pasadena has presented the Pasadena Commission with a two-year-old black tailed Mexican dog. The new acquisition will be placed in the city park.

A petition was filed with the City Clerk yesterday, asking that McKinley avenue be opened and widened to a uniform width of a slightly less than Eureka and Thirty-ninth streets.

Property owners on Olive street between First and Second streets have filed a petition asking that the city improve the street between these points at its own expense. They say that the gutter is six inches above the roadbed, and presents an unsightly appearance.

Elizabeth Gordon, one of the petitioners offered to furnish gravel free of charge.

AT THE COURTHOUSE.

COUNT HEINRICH WILL GO FREE.

WITH BOYSS EXUBERANCE HE DRESSSED THE PART.

Young W. F. Muhlenberg bore a good reputation in San Francisco, but became a monomaniac.

Result of Correspondence With Relatives in Germany.

The handsome, eighteen-year-old "Count" Heinrich F. von Hoffman is rejoicing in the language of the press.

The uniform which he sported, and with which he won the heart of a most estimable young lady of this city, is being furnished up. The uniform is, in the language of the press, "stunning," and is a cross between a German military dress and that of an inner guard of the Modern Youngmen.

The Count Heinrich is the young gentleman who paraded the city in his "hops" and other of the small fry about the principal hotels in this city and Pasadena by throwing about his money—or, to be accurate, somebody else's money.

Previous to coming to Los Angeles the "Count" Heinrich von Hoffman was known among the city's business associates in San Francisco as plain W. F. Muhlenberg. His character is said to have been unimpeachable, and in every way he was regarded as a promising young fellow and a capable drug clerk.

But unfortunately Muhlenberg became filled with the most unfortunate "case" if such it can be termed—a case of a morbid fancy for the stepladder. Dr. Von Hoffman is a highly-regarded physician at San Francisco, and is very well connected in Germany.

Coming to Southern California he brought letters of introduction to a number of people, and in the brief pleasure of being shot up in the elevator at the hotel, or throwing a dollar to a "newsy" for an evening paper, he was able to accept any change, Muhlenberg soon spent what money he had. Then in a weak moment he forged check on the California Bank of San Francisco for \$40, and got one of his new friends, Mr. Meier, to cash it for him.

Since the arrest of the youth his character has been investigated by the District Attorney, and it is believed that Muhlenberg made merely the slip. A foolish love for brass buttons and the glamour of a handle to his mino, the hick into the city, and furthermore, Mr. Metcalf, who is the complaining witness, refuses to prosecute. He desired to see Muhlenberg get a lesson that would suffice for life, and that he has got by being boxed up in the County Jail.

Yesterday was the time set for the "Count's" trial, but on motion of the District Attorney the case was carried to the day after tomorrow, which means that in any case it will not be called up again until October 20. Before that time arrives probably the case will be dismissed.

MRS. BARBER'S MONEY.

CHILDREN FIGHTING FOR IT. Mrs. Mary E. Barry wants to be appointed guardian of her mother's estate, but the mother, Mrs. Margaret Barber, objects and she is being sustained in her objection by another of her offspring.

Mrs. Barber is 67 years of age, and

not very well preserved at that. Mrs. Barry says that her mother has been failing for some time, and that now she has no memory whatever and is utterly incapable of looking after her business affairs. In proof of this the daughter nets out some rather striking facts.

About a year ago the old lady wanted to divide her property so that her children might not quarrel after she had died, and to each of the four children she gave a piece of real estate, retaining merely a life interest. The value of the life interest was agreed upon, and it was understood that Mrs. Barry was to pay her mother \$10 each month right along.

Mrs. Barry, so it is set forth, has paid her \$10 each month right along, but she has kept up her payments. To make matters worse the claim that recently her mother was persuaded by her brother to convey to him the home that she had retained for herself at the time the property was divided, and that as soon as the son got possession of the home he had retained for himself at the name of his wife.

Mrs. Barry contends that all that she desired was to have her money retained in her home property, and that the income from her home which she has deemed away to use to support her in comfort.

MUST PAY PENALTY.
FLYNN OUT OF RAIL YARD. F. J. Flynn was found guilty in Justice Young's court of having kept a "blind pig" within the prohibited area around the Soldiers' Home, and he was ordered to pay \$50 as a fine, and to be confined to the County Jail.

He would rather pay \$50 than serve his term, so he appealed his case.

Justice Young found and received the decision of the lower court, and now Flynn is facing an uncomfortable situation. He was admitted to bail by Judge Smith in the sum of \$50, but now he will have to surrender himself or suffer arrest again.

COURTHOUSE NOTES.

BOYS GO FREE.

Valdes and Mulholland, the two boys charged with the shooting of George T. Koch, were acquitted yesterday by a jury in Justice Pierce's court. The horses were hired by the boys to go to a picnic, and there some of the other boys had been driving the horses.

Elizabeth Gordon, one of the petitioners offered to furnish gravel free of charge.

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JURY DISAGREED.

OIL REFINERS STILL SAFE.

The case against the Union Oil Refinery, which appears on the docket of Justice Chambers's court as against H. M. Russell and James T. Jordan, after occupying about three days' time, resulted in a "hung" jury.

The city brought suit against the defendants for maintaining their establishment outside of the limits prescribed by the ordinance. The case was given to the jury at 10:30 yesterday forenoon and as they had failed to agree on a verdict at 5 o'clock, and stated that there was no likelihood of their agreeing, they were discharged, and the case set for trial again next month.

POLICE COURT BRIEFS.

DRUGGIST SOLD RUM.

E. W. Elder, clerk in a drug store at the corner of Twelfth street and Central avenue, yesterday paid a fine of \$50 in Police Court for selling whisky without a license. Colored Patrolman Glenn went into the drug store in citizen's dress on Thursday and simply asked for a bottle of whisky, and he was served.

The young man had no attorney, pleaded guilty to the charge without ceremony, and paid the \$50 of his employer's money without a quiver.

Johnson Neale will have an examination on August 1 on a charge of obtaining money on false pretenses. He wrote a check on a local bank where he had no funds, and received \$21 in change from the grocer, who furnished \$4 worth of goods.

A hobo, who gave the name of W. T. Miller when he secured employment at the Hotel Valdemar, on Sixth street, was yesterday held for trial on a charge of burglary.

He pleaded guilty. He went into a house near door to the hotel and stole various articles from a room, selling them to a second-hand dealer on East First street.

What Jap Soldiers Eat.

There has been a great deal published about the Japanese soldier of late, but is safe to say that a visitor to the office of Commissary-General Weston in Washington the other day will remember an object lesson he had in the Japanese soldier's diet.

Weston the visitor casually picked up a paper weight from a pile of documents, and then looked surprised. He was looking at a piece of dried fish, which he had been eating.

"That is just what it is," replied the general. "It is a mackerel, and it is very good. It is the only food that we have in the Japanese army."

"Great Scott," said the general, "that is a mackerel, and it is very good. It is the only food that we have in the Japanese army."

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CHASED HIM FOR FOURTEEN YEARS.

REMARKABLE EXPERIENCE OF A TEXAS RANCHER.

Accused of Murdering His Partner He Narrowly Escaped Lynching and After Spending Years and a Fortune, Finally Found the Man Alive and So Cleared His Name.

[St. Louis Globe-Democrat.] James A. Brock of El Paso, a hardy frontiersman of the early days, but whose hair and hair and halting gait now proclaim that he has long since passed his prime, bears the remarkable distinction of having searched unrelentingly fourteen years for a man who was accused of murdering his partner. His quest proved successful, but the pursuit cost him a fortune and the best years of his life, to clear his name of the stigma and to prove to the Southwest that the man he was supposed to have killed was still in the flesh.

In 1877 Brock owned an extensive ranch near Fort Griffin, Shackelford county, Tex., and was the first man to introduce northern cattle into the region west of the Mississippi River. He crossed the breed with the long-horned native herds, increasing their weight and quality. One year previous to this Brock had entered into a partnership with his cousin, Frank Woolsey, for whom he had advanced \$20,000.

In those days the surrounding country was sparsely settled, and Indians were numerous. Brock and Woolsey, on the war path, cattlemen, and post traders became the enemies of the surrounding country, and several of these soon found opportunity to obtain their revenge by killing the cattle almost too hot to hold him.

Five months after Brock came to Texas Woolsey disappeared from the ranch, and for the next fourteen years Brock, and his neighbors and associates, claimed that he was dead. Brock, who was his partner, then began a reign of terror. Brock, Judge Lynch in those times wore the judicial ermine, and in a single week he had sent to the gallows a prisoner he was constantly guarded by Texas rangers, who were sent out to see that the law was enforced. Brock was in deadly peril, and while a prisoner he was constantly guarded by Texas rangers, who were sent out to see that the law was enforced.

Brock's ranch and cattle, at that time worth \$20,000, soon doubled in value, and at the end of ten years sold for \$40,000. Brock, who was his partner, then began a reign of terror. Brock, Judge Lynch in those times wore the judicial ermine, and in a single week he had sent to the gallows a prisoner he was constantly guarded by Texas rangers, who were sent out to see that the law was enforced.

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for 1492, 276,300; for 1491, 276,900; for 1490, 277,500; for 1489, 278,100; for 1488, 278,700; for 1487, 279,300; for 1486, 279,900; for 1485, 280,500; for 1484, 281,100; for 1483, 281,700; for 1482, 282,300; for 1481, 282,900; for 1480, 283,500; for 1479, 284,100; for 1478, 284,700; for 1477, 285,300; for 1476, 285,900; for 1475, 286,500; for 1474, 287,100; for 1473, 287,700; for 1472, 288,300; for 1471, 288,900; for 1470, 289,500; for 1469, 290,100; for 1468, 290,700; for 1467, 291,300; for 1466, 291,900; for 1465, 292,500; for 1464, 293,100; for 1463, 293,700; for 1462, 294,300; for 1461, 294,900; for 1460, 295,500; for 1459, 296,100; for 1458, 296,700; for 1457, 297,300; for 1456, 297,900; for 1455, 298,500; for 1454, 299,100; for 1453, 299,700; for 1452, 300,300; for 1451, 300,900; for 1450, 301,500; for 1449, 302,100; for 1448, 302,700; for 1447, 303,300; for 1446, 303,900; for 1445, 304,500; for 1444, 305,100; for 1443, 305,700; for 1442, 306,300; for 1441, 306,900; for 1440, 307,500; 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for 1386, 339,900; for 1385, 340,500; for 1384, 341,100; for 1383, 341,700; for 1382, 342,300; for 1381, 342,900; for 1380, 343,500; for 1379, 344,100; for 1378, 344,700; for 1377, 345,300; for 1376, 345,900; for 1375, 346,500; for 1374, 347,100; for 1373, 347,700; for 1372, 348,300; for 1371, 348,900; for 1370, 349,500; for 1369, 350,100; for 1368, 350,700; for 1367, 351,300; for 1366, 351,900; for 1365, 352,500; for 1364, 353,100; for 1363, 353,700; for 1362, 354,300; for 1361, 354,900; for 1360, 355,500; for 1359, 356,100; for 1358, 356,700; for 1357, 357,300; for 1356, 357,900; for 1355, 358,500; for 1354, 359,100; for 1353, 359,700; for 1352, 360,300; for 1351, 360,900; for 1350, 361,500; for 1349, 362,100; for 1348, 362,700; for 1347, 363,300; for 1346, 363,900; for 1345, 364,500; for 1344, 365,100; for 1343, 365,700; for 1342, 366,300; for 1341, 366,900; for 1340, 367,500; for 1339, 368,100; for 1338, 368,700; for 1337, 369,300; for 1336, 369,900; for 1335, 370,500; for 1334, 371,100; 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for 1174, 467,

Public Adversity

ORDINANCE NO. 877.
[New Series.]
An ordinance ordering that a certain
avenue, in the City of Los Angeles,
be vacated, and amended to read:
Ordinance No. 877.

and Council of the
 certain as follows:
 That all that certain
 MONETA AVENUE
 hereinafter described, be
 sold and the proceeds of
 the same be paid to the
 City of Los Angeles, to be
 used May 5, 1901, to wit:
 For the benefit of the
 County of Los Angeles, as
 shown on the plat of
 Main Street fronting
 Block 11, at page 21 of
 the map of the County of
 Los Angeles, County of
 a library of the County
 (measured at the
 latest time of said

This small volume of statistical data on the doings of the author, which the author has just published, is a most interesting and private enterprise. It is a study of wealth, and its influence on the progress of the country. In support of this, the author considers the claims of the rich, and the claims of the poor, and the claims of the state. The City Clerk shall be the one to determine the claims of the state, and the claims of the poor, and the claims of the rich. The City Clerk shall be the one to determine the claims of the state, and the claims of the poor, and the claims of the rich.

and thereupon was
effect and be in force.
certify that the foregoing
by the Council of the City
its meeting of June 18, 1901.
H. J. LEE,
this 18th day of June, 1901.
M. F. [illegible]

ORDINANCE NO. 100
(New Series)
Council declaring the
Council of the City of
the grade of Lee

the design of future research between the employed—it is the statement of the trust and the judgment as every American citizen appreciating the which now threatens economic interests. The first company is, naturally, Corporation

[illegible]

Civil Service Exam
LOS ANGELES, Cal., May 10.—In accordance with Section L of the Civil Service Regulations, the examination will begin at 9 o'clock at Terminal Building, Los Angeles, today, examining applicants in the first list in classification.

Class 4. Patrolmen, Police
Class 2. Captain, Fire
Class 3. Driver, Fire
Class 4. Housewife, Police
Class 5. Surgeon, Police
Competitive examination
Proficiency in reading sci-
entific knowledge of the
institutions named, gener-
ally tending to fit the
character of the
and sentences of general
character and some-
times attend the con-
tention of the

seek. Applicants should send the office of the General Counsel not less than eight days before the expiration of the application in duplicate, with request, blanks for completion of the Board of Finance.

FRANK J. MURPHY, Mayor.

FALDING, Secretary.

Office of Street Commissioner,
City of Los Angeles,
May 14, 1935.

City of Los Angeles.

HOPE STREIN, executive director of the South Line of Transit, says the city's new curb line of "transit" is "a good idea" and a "first step" along which a comprehensive (5) feet in width to the official line for transit vehicles will be constructed. She says the city is in the office of the city's public works department.

and fifty words, and involved construction of a rational economic man and classic perfection of the subject matter, comparative, and we have a picture from a man who permits him to appreciate freedom from grossness, the use of "lays" for the adjectives, for a certain amount of the rules for punctuation.

HELVETIA

**Fig
Brand
Evaporated**

of uniform quality at all seasons, always pure, heavy consistency, of delicious flavor and appetizing appearance.

Ask for the brand with the "Helvetia" cap!

Made by the largest
producers of Evaporated
Cream in the world.

...to make
...the basis of
...army and navy; to
...but individual
...the tariff from
...the welfare of the
...the increase
...authority; and to
...regulations
...of corporations
...Among the speech
...ederation may be
...collected at the
...from En

furniture and
 w firm-always was
 McKinney-South
 Sixth St. bet Second

A Glance at

JUSTICE VERSUS THE PUBLIC WELFARE
By H. G. Ritchie. Fenns & Co., New York.
This small volume is a perfect mine of statistical information concerning the doings of the great corporations which the author claims are by fraud and oppression sapping the spirit of private enterprise and amassing great wealth, and rapidly becoming a menace to the prosperity of the country. In support of these charges Mr.

ment aggregating a grand total of twenty-nine million dollars, with a corresponding loss to the wage earners, many thousands of whom have been entirely deprived of employment. Mr. Richie's book is not written with the design of further widening the breach between the employer and the employed—it is a calm, dispassionate statement of the evils resulting from the trust and is, therefore, an appeal to the judgment and the conscience of

corporation and its consistency on crude oil, thus enabling the owners of Cuba and Canada to become competitors. The capital stock of the company is rated at \$1,400,000,000, of which it is estimated that \$304,000,000 represents the liberal "watering" of stock permitted by this colossal concern in the furtherance of its industrial policy.

These are considered. Twenty-five pages are devoted to the sugar trust and its reappearance as the American Sugar Refining Company, under the control of Mr. Havemeyer. The theory is to employ foreign and skilled laborers in his refineries because of their superior (?) cheapness. The coal companies, the elevator companies, the cotton oil company, the starch, leather, silver, paper, and printing powder, spirits, even the carriage

Riehl writes forcibly and authoritatively, but, especially in the opening of his book, his sentences lack grace and demand more concentration which is necessary to the comprehension of his subject. This is due to the length of his sentences.

tain amount of regard for the accepted rules for punctuation.

H. G. P.

POLITICS.

Roosevelt's Speeches.

MESSAGES AND PRESIDENTIAL MESSAGES by Theodore Roosevelt, 1882-1904. G. Putnam's Sons, New York.

the utterances of the official head of the great people upon issues of vital importance to the moral and political

positions, at banquets, in university and high schools, before the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, Good Roads Convention, the great Socialist assembly gathered to celebrate the bicentennial of the birth of Wesley, the Pan-American Missionary Society, and the Society of the Name; speeches delivered at Ansonia and at the unveiling of the man monument.

President's policy as outlined in his addresses is, broadly speaking, to promote the unity of the American people; to enforce equitable treatment of the colored people in Cuba; to maintain an efficient form of government in the Philippines; to uphold the Monroe doctrine; to increase the power of the navy; to make merit instead of race the basis of promotion in both army and navy; to recognize in his appointments neither race nor color, but individual fitness; and to

Exposition, on expansion; at the
Fair in Syracuse, on the labor

THIS STORE CLOSSES AT 1 O'CLOCK TODAY

Kamburger's
127 to 147 N. SPRING ST. (at 4th Ave.)
FOURTH FLOOR

Special Sale of Mason Fruit Jars

ON SALE SATURDAY MORNING ONLY.
This is now the canning season and every housewife knows the worth of Mason fruit jars. They are Ball's machine blown; complete with porcelain lined caps and rubbers. For Saturday morning only, no mail or phone orders and none to dealers, prices as follows—pints per dozen 39c; quarts per dozen 49c; 1 gal. dozen 69c.
Porcelain lined fruit jar caps with rubbers per doz. 15c.

Kamburger's
127 to 147 N. SPRING ST. (at 4th Ave.)
FOURTH FLOOR



Free Beach Tickets and for Sale

Our Saturday afternoon closing has prompted us to not only give our patrons but our employees a chance to spend an afternoon at the beaches at a very small expense. As a trade stimulator we will give

Free Tickets to the Beaches

Limit One Ticket to Each Purchaser of \$5.00 and Over

The tickets are good going and returning Saturday only and you may have your choice of tickets to any of the following beaches: Long Beach, Redondo, Ocean Park, Santa Monica, Playa del Rey and Manhattan. If you do not care to purchase merchandise to the value of \$5.00 and over and get a ticket free.

We Will Sell Round Trip Tickets

Good going and returning Saturday only to the following beaches: Ocean Park, Santa Monica, Playa del Rey, Manhattan, Redondo and Long Beach at... **39c**

For further information we will state that there are concerts Saturday afternoon and evening at Ocean Park, Santa Monica and Playa del Rey; and also dancing at the Tent City Auditorium Redondo and the Pavilions at Ocean Park and Playa del Rey on Saturday evening.

Tickets on Sale on the 4th Floor Saturday from 8 to 1 o'clock.

Men's Nobby Summer Clothes

It is now vacation time and an outing suit is one of the most comfortable kinds of clothing wear. We are, however, going to specially feature three choice lines of men's clothing for Saturday morning which for quality, style, fit, finish and price can not be duplicated on the entire Pacific Coast.

Men's \$7.50 Outing Suits \$3.95

An assortment of just 75 all wool 2-piece outing suits in Homespun, Flannels, wool Crashes and Cheviots; light or dark colors; the coats unlined and are cut single breasted; have patch pockets. Trousers have belt straps and turn-up bottoms; sizes 33 to 42; actual \$7.50 values priced for Saturday... **\$3.95**

Youths' \$10.00 Outing Suits \$6.95

100 college suits for young men 14 to 20 years. They are fine all wool, Homespun, wool Crashes and fancy Cheviots; coats are cut single breasted style with broad shoulder effect and either one quarter or one-half lined with pure Mohair. The trousers have full spring hip, cuff bottoms and belt straps; are in light and dark colors. Matchless everywhere under \$10.00. Our special price... **\$6.95**

Men's \$12.50 to \$20.00 Suits \$8.95

A complete assortment of men's fine all wool 3-piece suits selected from our regular stocks of \$12.50, \$15.00 and \$20.00 values that have become broken but are placed together in one lot on counter No. 5 for Saturday and include business, outing and dress suits in plain or fancy Cheviots, Cassimeres and Worsted in sack style, or blue Serges, unfinished Worsteds and black Clays in three-button cutaways and 3-button sacks; sizes 34 to 42. Choice... **\$8.95**



35c China Silks, per yard 19c.

100 pieces for Saturday morning only, in fifty shades, also cream and ivory; is a soft material, lustrous finish yet firm and durable silk that sells regularly at 35c and is 30 inches wide. Special per yard... **19c**

50c Cream Brilliantine, per Yd. 25c.

25 pieces of a 38 inch figured cream brilliantine the patterns in woven polka dots and figures, is very wavy and durable and will wear and launder nicely. Special for Saturday morning only per yard... **25c**

65c Ready-made Sheets 49c.

40 dozen sheets of the "Mohawk Valley" brand; sizes 72x90 inches, finished with wide hem and regularly priced at 65c. Special for Saturday morning only, no mail or phone orders, limited number to a customer, at each... **49c**

\$2.50 Untrimmed Hats at 50c



100 dozen hats for women or misses including white and colored chiffon hats, also hand made hats of Jap or chiffon braid in fancy or plain colors, natural Tuscan hats and Cuba lace braid hats in large shapes, white or black; and best grade chip hats and plaid braid French sailors; values up to \$2.50; for Saturday morning only; choice... **50c**

Men's \$2 and \$2.50 Fancy Vests

Single breasted style with or without collar; the materials piques, ducks and mercerized effects in basket weaves and shell patterns, all in popular colors; also black and white, have detachable pearl buttons; in sizes 33 to 44. On bargain table Saturday morning, choice... **98c**



Women's 75c Lisle Hose 25c.

A Saturday morning offering from our department will be French Lisle hose, black; are of pure ingrain yarn, very soft and have extra long legs and double toe and heel; usual 75c kind. Price per pair... **25c**

"White House" Cook Book

The standard cook book of the world, hundreds of the very best recipes printed on good paper, nicely illustrated, specially priced for Saturday morning at... **25c**

Sheet Music at 15c.

For Saturday morning, the popular "Papa's Baby" (song); "Poinsettia"; "Any Rags" (rag time); "The Cake" (march); "When Coons Have Land of Their Own"; "You Never Me" Chas. K. Harris's new song. All of them new, choice... **15c**

Women's Bathing Suits and Caps



It is Both Cheaper and More Sanitary to Own Than to Rent.

Women's Bathing Suits at \$1.50

At this price we offer a larger, better selected and better made line of bathing suits than you will find at any other store. They are of Crepe Cloth, carefully finished and made with wide hem. A special leader... **\$1.50**

Women's Bathing Suits—Brilliantines or Serges, either blue or black; made with sailor collars or are prettily braid trimmed. A special value... **\$2.50**

Women's Bathing Suits—of a good quality Brilliantine either blue or black; are finished with pretty sailor collars. They are in all sizes and we offer them at, choice... **\$3.50**

Women's Bathing Suits—long or short sleeve styles; also low neck and with sailor collars; all of them prettily trimmed and are in large assortment to select from. Would not be overpriced at \$6.50. We make them a leader at... **\$5.00**

Women's Bathing Caps—all the popular solid colors; some in polka dot patterns. Prices range 19c and 35c. Also Bandana bathing caps at 50c and... **75c**

Special Values in Women's Wearables

COOL, COMFORTABLE GARMENTS FOR SUMMER WEAR.

\$3.00 Linen Dress Skirts at \$1.98.

They are in walking length, are trimmed with strapping and self buttons; are of good quality, nicely made and in good style. Are actually worth \$3.00. Specially priced for Saturday at... **\$1.98**

\$1.50 White Lawn Waists—at least 100 dozen to select from including plain tucked, lace and embroidery trimmed styles; all of them cheaper than you could purchase the material alone for they will be offered Saturday at... **98c**

\$2.50 White Lawn Waists—trimmed with insertions and buttons down front; also in yoke effects. They are among the daintiest of the summer styles and worth \$2.50. Specially priced for Saturday... **\$1.50**

\$6.50 Walking Skirts—fine all wool mixtures in light colors trimmed with self plaiting and are prettily tailor stitched; are correct in fit and finish and offered as a leader at... **\$3.98**

\$5.00 White Jap Silk Waists—trimmed with laces, insertions and tuckings; a number of pretty styles to select from. Not a one in the lot worth less than \$5.00 and are specially priced for Saturday morning... **\$3.98**

\$1.00 White Lawn Waists 50c.



On Sale 8 to 1 o'clock Saturday Only.
A special waist item for Saturday's selling consists of fine quality Lawn waists—trimmed down front with two rows of insertion and narrow tucking; also embroidery trimmed effects; are made with the newest sleeves; have pretty collars; are carefully finished throughout and are actual \$1.00 values. On sale 8 to 1 Saturday morning at... **50c**

BARGAIN TABLE—SECOND FLOOR

Men's \$3.00 Straw Hats at 95c.

These are less than cost of raw material. They are good shapes, and an assortment of values up to \$3.00. For Saturday morning, choice... **95c**
\$10.00 Panama Hats \$4.95
They are the genuine goods and offered at less than import cost. A number of 12 1/2 inch worth up to \$10.00. Your choice Saturday morning... **\$4.95**



Splendid Values in Footwear

Specially Featuring Men's and Children's Shoes.

Men's \$3.50 Dress Shoes at \$2.95

They are of Vic kid, patent kid and Velour calf; all of them in good style; made on comfortable lasts and are in all sizes. They are an excellent business shoe and good enough for dress wear. Actually worth \$3.50. Specially priced now at... **\$2.95**

Men's Tan Shoes—of a good grade of goat skin; are in lace style and sizes 6 to 10. They are shoes that were made to sell at \$2.50 but as there is but a small lot of them, they will be priced to close quickly at... **\$1.29**

Children's \$1.25 Kid Shoes—sizes 6 to 11; neat, dressy shapes; on comfortable lasts and are well made throughout. Specially priced at, per pair... **75c**

Infants' \$1.00 Shoes—for the little tots in sizes 3 to 5 1/2. They are well made, will give good service and are regular \$1.00 values. Special Saturday... **55c**

Children's \$1.50 Shoes—of a fine quality made with turned soles; are in sizes 6 to 8; neat shapely lasts. Specially priced at... **75c**

Boys' Wash Suits and Waists

COMFORTABLE GARMENTS FOR CHILDREN'S SUMMER WEAR.

Boys' \$3.50 and \$4.00 Wash Suits at \$1.98.

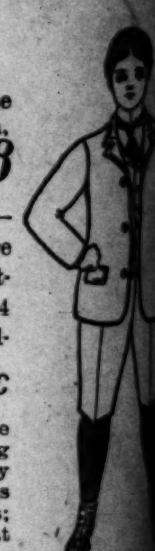
An assortment of about 150 wash suits in sailor blouse and Russian blouse styles. The sizes of a kind are broken, but there are all sizes in the lot from 2 1/2 to 10 years. Special Saturday morning... **\$1.98**

Boys' \$5.00 Wool Suits—sailor, Russian blouse, Norfolk or double breasted; the materials fancy cheviots, tweeds and cassimeres. Also serges in red, royal and brown; sizes 3 to 17 years. Choice... **\$3.50**

Boys' White Lawn Blouses—these popular waists have deep collars edged with white ruffled embroidery; ruffled fronts and turn-over cuffs; are in sizes 3 to 8 years and have sold at \$1.00 and \$1.50. Special Saturday... **65c**

Boys' Patent Leather Belts—1 1/8 inches wide, are double stitched, have metal buckles, are in sizes 24 to 40; are regular 50c values. Special Saturday... **19c**

Boys' "Rough Rider" Suits—Made in military style with long trousers; coat has military collar and detachable brass buttons; sizes 3 to 12 years; sold earlier in the season at \$1.25; now priced at... **95c**



Part VI.—12 Pages.

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

XIIIth YEAR.

A Princely Steinway A

Forty-seven sold to New York's finest hotel; each instrument from \$2000 to \$10,000. The following is clipped from the Music Trades Review:

Steinway St. Regis Pianos

largest Order for Art Pianos Ever Placed—the Number Forty-Seven in All.

last week there was placed in the new hotel St. Regis, which, the way, is in many respects most remarkable hospitality in the world, forty-seven Steinway Pianos. The importance of this order may be seen from the fact that this is the largest single order ever placed for Steinway instruments which are appropriately designated as the "St. Regis" order, as may be seen from the accompanying photograph. This is but another actual Steinway product occupies in the art.

Fine Piano R a Special

Geo. J. B STEINWAY AND CO 345-347 South S

DINING C

65

Solid seat, well braced, strong, substantial; at least 95c—no more than



Rockers like cut red

\$1.65

Other rockers and chairs reduced

Eastern Outfi 544-546 S. S

Next Saturday night Special will be line to be sold at 30c

Russets Most russet shoes have p most popular this season. S



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Paul Cou